

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name			
CAE in material processing			
Course			
Field of study		Year/Semester	
Material Engineering		3 / 5	
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study	
		general academic	
Level of study		Course offered in	
First-cycle studies		Polish	
Form of study		Requirements	
full-time		compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture	Laboratory classes	Other (e.g. online)	
15	-0	-0	
Tutorials	Projects/seminars		
-	15		
Number of credit points			
2			
Lecturers			
Responsible for the course/lecturer: DSc. Eng. Paweł Popielarski		Responsible for the course/lecturer:	
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Faculty of Mechanical Engine	ering		

ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań

#### Prerequisites

Student has basic knowledge of physics and materials science (including heat transfer, flows, stresses, materials science, crystallization, phase transformations), CAD geometry systems and the basics of manufacturing engineering. Has also skills in Acquiring information from literature survey and internet, is able to use the acquired knowledge to choose a technology selection strategy and understand the necessity to learn, taking new knowledge and collaboration in a workgroup.

#### **Course objective**

Student should obtain knowledge about the application of the theory of energy and mass flow in modeling and simulation of processes in material technologies (on examples of casting process).



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## **Course-related learning outcomes**

#### Knowledge

1. Student has basic knowledge of engineering design, allowing to design objects and processes, apply engineering calculations, select and evaluate solution variants; use modeling and computer aided design process - [K\_W05, K\_W06

2. Has basic knowledge of computer science that allows the use of computer-aided engineering (CAE) systems - [K\_W04]

3. Has detailed knowledge of material process technology. Can describe techniques of processing metals and their alloys - [K\_W12]

4.Has knowledge of numerical methods for simulating physical phenomena and processes, modeling, simulation and prediction of the structure and properties of engineering materials - [K\_W15]

Skills

1.Is able to plan and carry out experiments, including measurements and computer simulations, interpret the results and draw conclusions; can use computer aids to solve technical tasks - [K\_U08]

2. Can use simulation and experimental methods to solve engineering tasks. Can formulate problems and use mathematical methods in the analysis of technical issues- [K\_U10]

3. Can design engineering objects and technical processes using CAD, use thermodynamics to describe physical phenomena and mathematical modeling of heat transfer in technological processes - [K\_U17]

Social competences

1. Can work on a given task independently and cooperate in a team - [K\_K03]

2. Understands the need for continuous training to improve professional qualifications - [K\_K01]

## Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture: Written test carried out on the end of the term (in case of a credit min. 50.1% correct). Up to 50.0% - 2.0, from 50.1% to 60.0% -3.0, from 60.1% to 70.0% - 3.5, from 70.1 to 80 - 4.0, from 80.1% to 90.0% - 4.5, from 90.1% - 5.0

# Design:

- project made correctly, there are small calculation errors and drawings, the student can answer questions about the content of the project, can partially describe the process of filling the mold, supplying the casting and changing the structure (50%) assessment -3.0,

- project made correctly, the student can answer questions about the content of the project, can describe the process of filling the mold, supplying the casting and changing the structure (70-90%) assessment - 4.0,



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- project made correctly, the student can answer questions about the content of the project, can describe the process of filling the mold, supplying the casting and changing the structure (over 90%) rating - 5.0.

### Programme content

#### Lecture

Principles of formulating mathematical and physical models. Identification of models in the technological process. The certain conditions in terms of the necessary model simplifications. Analytical and numerical solutions. Macro and micro modeling of phenomena. Theoretical basis of flows. The basics of heat flow. The basics of diffusion. An outline of the basics of filtration. Direct and inverse modelling. Material and physical coefficients determined from inverse problems. Modeling of coupled phenomena. Modeling in application to computer simulation. Outline of the basics of the state of stress and strain. Examples of applications in material processing technologies.

### Design:

Development of a design for a casting technology with a specific structure using a CAD system and simulation code. Independent preparation of the CAD model of the cast-mold system and transfer of the solid model to the simulation program. Import a solid model in the simulation code and define the certain conditions. Implementation of the simulation of the casting process. Analysis of simulation results. Creation of the casting concept and preparation and execution of the next simulation.

## **Teaching methods**

Lecture: multimedia presentation, illustrated with examples on the board.

Project: performance of tasks given by the teacher.

## Bibliography

Basic

- 1. M. Perzyk i inni, Odlewnictwo. WNT, Warszawa 2004.
- 2. E. Fraś, Krystalizacja metali PWN Warszawa 2003.

3. M. Perzyk i inni, Materiały do projektowania procesów odlewniczych. PWN Warszawa 1990.

#### Additional

- 1. B. Mochnacki, J. Suchy Modelowanie i symulacja krzepnięcia odlewów, , PWN, 1993
- 2. J. Braszczyński, Teoria procesów odlewniczych, PWN, Warszawa, 1989
- 3. B. Mochnacki Poradnik Odlewnictwo, tom II (rozdz. XVII), PWN, Warzawa, 1986
- 4. E. Chlebus Techniki komputerowe CAx w inżynierii produkcji, WNT, 2000



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5. W. Przybylski, M. Deja Komputerowe wspomagane wytwarzanie maszyn. Podstawy i zastosowanie, , WNT, 2007.

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	60	2,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	35	1,0
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for	25	1,0
laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project		
preparation) <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate